

direct, and most popular with the candidates as well as with his fellow examiners. The latter invariably turned to Clogg in cases of unusual difficulty, to be met by some shrewd and common-sense clinical observation.

As senior surgeon at Charing Cross Hospital Clogg has inspired a very high standard of surgery. He was blessed with the two main attributes which go to make a master craftsman—a perfect pair of hands and a calm and imperturbable demeanour. He made operative technique look ridiculously easy, and his deft, precise, gentle, and effortless movements were probably the outcome of his early practice with children. Reserved and unostentatious, he preferred to do his work in his own quiet, efficient way. He seldom spoke at meetings, but when he did it was to command respect by his astute and practical observations. In his writings he was clear, lucid, and straightforward, the best known of his publications being the section on diseases of the stomach, intestines, and pancreas in Choyce's *System of Surgery*. As a colleague and a friend Clogg possessed a personality which immediately endeared him to all he came in contact with. He radiated that kindness and humanity which never failed to win the love and confidence of his patients and students alike. His interest in the latter kept his mind and outlook flexible, and many will miss his unselfish help and encouragement. Nothing pleased him more than to repair to the happy atmosphere of his country home at Chipstead, and he often looked forward to his impending retirement from his arduous duties, to enjoy the amenities of the country and a game of golf. He leaves behind a widow and a son, who has recently come down from Cambridge and is reading for his final solicitor's examination.

Dr. THOMAS INGHAM MILLS died on November 8th at the Military Hospital, Chapel Allerton, Leeds, after a long illness contracted during his services in the great war. He was born in 1865, and as a boy spent three years on H.M.S. *Worcester*, the Thames nautical training college, where, in 1883, he was one of the selected candidates for Queen Victoria's gold medal. He was second on the list, and received the gold watch which the P. & O. Steam Navigation Company gives annually to the boy who is second in the gold medal competition, with a preference for employment in that company's service if, on obtaining his second mate's certificate, he produces good evidence of steadiness and ability and satisfies the medical and nautical inspectors. He was also appointed a midshipman in the Royal Naval Reserve. Mills loved the sea; but, unfortunately, on his first voyage to India, he had an accident which prevented him from following his intended career. He then went in for medicine, studying at Guy's, where he held a number of appointments. After qualifying M.R.C.S. and L.R.C.P. in 1894 he was casualty house-surgeon at Huddersfield Royal Infirmary. Later he went into practice at Easingwold, Yorks, where he lived and worked, with the exception of time spent on active service, for twenty-eight years, and where he was laid to rest on Armistice Day, 1932, a service being held in Holy Trinity Church, Micklegate, York, largely attended by his medical friends, and at the graveside by former colleagues and many old patients. During the time at Easingwold he was medical officer for the Post Office, the Board of Education, and the North Riding County Council; honorary surgeon to St. Monica's Cottage Hospital, member of the York Pensions Board and Local Medical and Panel Committee, and a member of the Representative Body of the British Medical Association in 1913-15 and 1920. He had also been medical officer and lecturer to the Easingwold Red Cross Detachment. For several years, from the beginning of the insurance scheme, he was honorary secretary of the North Riding Panel Committee, and in 1915 was presented by the members with a silver tray as a token of his able and conscientious service. Before the war Dr. Mills was in the

R.N.R., but was not considered fit for service in August, 1914, on account of age. He joined the 2/1 West Riding Field Ambulance, 62nd Division, in June, 1915 (at the age of 50), and was officer in charge of details when his unit sailed for France. After leaving the 2/1 West Riding Ambulance he served in many places with the rank of captain R.A.M.C.(T.) until March, 1919. He was in military hospitals and on ambulance transports bringing wounded home from France, also in H.M.H.S. *Neuralia*, taking wounded back to Halifax, Nova Scotia. He was loved by those who worked for or with him, and is still remembered for his disinterested consideration and kindness to all alike. He had many friends of all classes. His help was always readily given both to his medical colleagues and to every good object brought to his notice. He was a member of the York Division of the British Medical Association, the York Medical Society, and the Yorkshire Medical Benevolent Society, and was a Freeman of the city of York.

We regret to announce the death, as the result of an accident, of Dr. ROBERT GEORGE ROBSON at the age of 61. He was born at Fortrose, and was the son of Dr. George Robson, a well-known figure in the Scottish Church. He received his education at Inverness Academy and George Watson's, Edinburgh, and his medical education at the University, where he graduated in 1895. After serving as house-surgeon at the "Royal" he studied in Vienna prior to taking the M.D. He then went to India, where he was attached to the Scottish Mission. It was during the great famine of 1900 that his medical and administrative faculties were so widely appreciated, organizing rescue and treatment centres for the sufferers, and devoting his skill to their wants. During the remainder of his stay in India he was actively associated with civil and social administration, being chairman of the municipality of Ajmer. Among other schemes with which he was concerned were the town water supply, the building of a women's hospital, and the building and organizing of the High School of Ajmer. In addition to these activities, he was the sole doctor in charge of the mission hospital, where his ability as a surgeon, combined with an unusual gentleness of touch, gained the regard of his colleagues and the confidence of his patients. His services were recognized by the award of the Kaiser-i-Hind gold medal in 1916. On returning from India Dr. Robson took up practice in Deptford, where his kindly ways and humorous nature gained him many friends. It was when returning from his surgery on his bicycle, which he could never be persuaded to give up, that he met his death, which was instantaneous. The funeral at Brockley was attended by a large number of friends and patients, by whom he will be greatly missed. He leaves a widow, and a son in the profession. Dr. P. F. Ashton writes: Dr. Robson was known to me since he settled in practice in the Brockley and Greenwich districts about twelve years ago, on his return from India. Upright and austere in appearance, he was similar in character. Though his standard of conduct and thought for himself was rigid and severe, his outlook on the failings of common humanity was elastic and compassionate. He was happy and contented with his work for the poor of Greenwich, among whom he had deliberately cast his lot. It was a source of joy in his last years that his only surviving son, John A. Robson, followed him in the medical profession. It is sad to think that this pale, serious-looking, white-haired soldierly figure will no longer be seen cycling amid the crowded traffic of one of London's poorest areas.

The death is reported from Dichpali, the leper hospital settlement outside Nizamabad, of Dr. ISABEL KERR, the Scottish medical missionary, who has made this institution the outstanding centre in South India for the treatment of leprosy and for training in diagnosis and treatment. Since Sir Leonard Rogers discovered the way to remedy and, in early cases, to cure leprosy, by the injection of the essential principle of chaulmoogra oil, Dr.

Kerr, working in close co-operation with Dr. Ernest Muir, Sir Leonard Rogers's successor at the Leper Research Centre, Calcutta, did much to demonstrate the value of the discovery, and to prove that "no child need grow up a leper." When the Government provided a building in Hyderabad for a leprosy clinic Dr. Kerr handed over some of her responsibility at Dichpali to Dr. John Lowe, and took charge of the new work. This involved a night journey of 200 miles twice a week, and the giving each time of sixty or seventy injections to visiting patients, who frequently came long distances to be healed. Dr. Kerr was born at Fochabers-on-Spey in 1875; she graduated M.B., Ch.B. at Aberdeen in 1903, and went to India with her husband, the Rev. George M. Kerr, who is superintendent of the Wesleyan Mission Station at Nizamabad. She had charge for twelve years of the Mission Hospital there until the foundation of the Dichpali Home, where husband and wife have worked devotedly ever since. In 1923 she received the Kaisar-i-Hind gold medal in recognition of her services.

The following well-known foreign medical men have recently died: Dr. GEORGES HERVÉ, professor at the Ecole d'Anthropologie and founder of the International Institute of Anthropology; Dr. MIRALLIÉ, professor at the medical school of Nantes; Geheimrat Professor EUGEN HOLLÄNDER, the Berlin surgeon and author of books on medicine in classical painting, and caricature and satire in medicine, aged 65; and Dr. ADOLPH KOENIG, formerly editor of the *Pittsburg Medical Review* and the *Pennsylvania Medical Journal*, aged 76.

Universities and Colleges

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE

At a congregation held on December 19th the following medical degrees were conferred:

M.B., B.Chir.—A. K. Monro, B. F. Longbotham, A. R. Adderley, C. D. Evans.
M.B.—J. M. Vaizey.

The next examination for the Diploma in Medical Radiology and Electrology (Part I) will be held on Wednesday, January 11th, and Friday, January 13th, 1933.

UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL

Mr. E. W. Hey Groves has been appointed emeritus professor of surgery and Dr. D. C. Rayner emeritus professor of obstetrics. Dr. H. L. Shepherd and Dr. F. J. Hector have been appointed clinical lecturers in obstetrics, and Mr. G. M. FitzGibbon lecturer in surgery.

UNIVERSITY OF DURHAM

At the convocation held on December 17th the following degrees were conferred:

M.D. (*for Practitioners of Fifteen Years' Standing*).—B. G. Malliya, F. L. Spalding.
M.B., B.S.—C. B. Bhugra, P. M. Coats, J. A. Harper, R. S. Holcombe, S. M. Parker, J. Short.

UNIVERSITY OF SHEFFIELD

The following have been approved at the examinations indicated:

M.D.—K. J. G. Milne.
FINAL M.B., Ch.B.—(*Part I*): R. M. Edelman, B. A. Hamid, Ursula S. Nutt, F. R. P. O'Hara-Proud, Evelyn W. C. D. Pettigrew, S. J. Rabinowitz, F. Rodgers. (*Part II*): J. J. C. Rainsbury, J. M. Ridyard.

UNIVERSITY OF GLASGOW

Principal R. S. Rait announced at the last meeting of the University of Glasgow Court that Dr. James Alexander Ure, who died on November 20th, had bequeathed his estate to the University and had appointed the University Court the executors of the will. The bequest, of the approximate value of £13,000, was earmarked for scholarships and prizes in medicine, and especially for research on cancer and tuberculosis. Dr. Ure, after his retirement from practice, lived at Parkstone, Dorset; he graduated M.B., C.M.Glas. in 1887.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND

Primary Fellowship Examination

The following 53 candidates were approved at the recent examination for the Primary Fellowship; 135 were rejected.

D. R. Ayyar, K. S. Ayyar, R. Barnes, H. H. F. Barnes, T. L. J. Barry, D. J. Bradley, W. A. C. K. N. Bruce, F. N. Chenhall, A. R. Clarke, H. L. G. Davies, T. Denness, M. Ellis, F. H. H. Finlaison, E. D. B. Freedman, F. P. Furkert, A. F. Goode, W. R. Henderson, H. M. Hill, W. W. Jolly, L. R. Jordan, A. R. Kelsall, D. Kendall, A. L. Kenyon, B. T. Keon-Cohen, G. E. Larks, W. A. Law, A. Logan, K. G. F. Mackenzie, H. F. McNickle, W. N. Mann, J. A. S. Marr, S. G. Mayer, P. B. Moroney, G. K. Mulki, R. Nagendran, S. G. Nardell, Doris E. O'Doherty, J. A. Pocock, F. Radcliffe, C. G. Rob, N. H. Robinson, H. W. Rodgers, P. C. Sanyal, B. Schulenburg, J. K. Stanger, A. Taylor, F. B. Thomas, H. R. Thompson, O. S. Tubbs, R. J. Twort, P. R. Wheatley, E. B. Whittingham, W. R. Winterton.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF EDINBURGH

A meeting of the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh was held on December 18th, when Mr. John Wheeler Dowden, president, was in the chair. James Couper Brash, M.C., M.D., professor of anatomy, Edinburgh University, was elected a Fellow of the College without examination.

The following candidates, having passed the requisite examinations, were admitted Fellows:

D. G. McKay, F. T. Ranson, G. E. Archer, N. Beaton, I. M. Burdon, C. H. Din, J. Donovan, J. Edelstein, M. Franks, G. F. Henderson, Lilian M. J. Henry, M. S. Khera, T. N. MacGregor, R. McWhirter, S. J. Martin, C. G. S. Milne, A. A. Moon, B. F. Niblock, A. H. Sangster, A. E. Stevens, C. B. Stewart, G. B. Thomas, R. G. Thomas, A. B. Wallace, J. L. Wilkie, D. H. Young.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF IRELAND

The King's Professorship of Institutes of Medicine will become vacant on March 14th, 1933. The emoluments of the chair consist of the sum of £100 (late Irish currency), paid annually by the College, of fees paid by each person attending the professor's clinical lectures at Sir Patrick Dun's Hospital, and certain other fees regulated by the President and Fellows of the Royal College of Physicians of Ireland. Further particulars can be obtained from the Registrar, Dr. T. Percy C. Kirkpatrick. Applications must be sent in by February 3rd, 1933.

Dr. R. J. Rowlette has been re-elected King's Professor of Materia Medica and Pharmacy for a further period of seven years, from March 19th, 1933.

CONJOINT BOARD IN IRELAND

The following candidates have passed the recent Final Conjoint Examination, and have been admitted Licentiates of the Royal Colleges of Physicians and Surgeons, Ireland.

P. H. Cahill, R. W. Carty, I. D. Clein, H. Crealey, P. J. Daly, A. C. Dyer, J. F. F. Garry, J. Hanlon, M. J. Lahiff, Mary F. Mulligan, W. L. McCullagh, J. Radnor, J. G. Robinson.

The Services

MILITARY OPERATIONS IN BURMA

Colonel (now Major-General) John Weir West, C.M.G., K.H.S., late R.A.M.C., has been appointed a Commander of the Military Division in the Order of the British Empire for services rendered in connexion with the military operations in Burma during the period December, 1930, to March, 1932.

For distinguished services rendered in the field Lieut.-Colonel G. G. Tabuteau, D.S.O., V.H.S., R.A.M.C., has been appointed Brevet Colonel, and Major W. H. O'Riordan, M.C., R.A.M.C., Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel.

The names of the above officers are mentioned in a dispatch by General Sir Philip Chetwode, Commander-in-Chief in India, together with those of Captain R. A. Haythornethwaite and Captain Bhagat Ram Tandon of the Indian Medical Department.

COMMISSIONS IN THE R.A.M.C.

The War Office announces that twenty-five permanent commissions in the Royal Army Medical Corps are being offered to qualified medical practitioners, under 28 years of age, registered under the Medical Acts. There will be no entrance examination, but candidates will be required to present themselves in London for interview and physical